

# ALGORITHMI E COMPLESSITÀ (LM)

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GIO  
VEN

9:30-11:30

LM

10:30-12:30

205

                      
:45

## NOTAZIONE

$\mathbb{N}$

$\mathbb{Z}$

$\mathbb{Q}$

$\mathbb{R}$

$\mathbb{N}^+$

$\mathbb{Z}^+$

$\mathbb{Q}^+$

$\mathbb{R}^+$

MONOIDE LIBERO

$(A, \otimes)$

magia

$$(x \otimes y) \otimes z = x \otimes (y \otimes z)$$

(PROPR. ASSOC.)

Semigrupp

$\exists \bar{e} \in A.$

$$x \otimes \bar{e} = \bar{e} \otimes x = x$$

monoid

$\Sigma$  alfabeto = insieme finito  
non vuoto

$$\Sigma = \{a, b\}$$

$$\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$$

$$w \in \Sigma^*$$

$$w = w_0 w_1 \dots w_{n-1} \quad n \geq 0$$

$$w_i \in \Sigma$$

$$|w| = n$$

$$w = w_0 \dots w_{n-1}$$

$$w' = w'_0 \dots w'_{m-1}$$

$$w \cdot w' = w_0 \dots w_{n-1} w'_0 \dots w'_{m-1}$$

$(\Sigma^*, \cdot)$  monoid  
libero su  $\Sigma$

# NOTAZIONE

$$\bullet B^A = \{f \mid f: A \rightarrow B\}$$

$$\bullet \mathbb{K} = \{0, 1, \dots, k-1\}$$

$$\bullet 0 = \emptyset$$

$$1 = \{0\}$$

$$2 = \{0, 1\}$$

$$2^A = \{f \mid f: A \rightarrow 2\} =$$

$$= \{f \mid f: A \rightarrow \{0, 1\}\} \cong$$

$$\cong \{X \mid X \text{ è sottoinsieme di } A\} = \mathcal{P}(A)$$

$$A^2 = \{f \mid f: 2 \rightarrow A\} =$$

$$= \{f \mid f: \{0, 1\} \rightarrow A\} \cong A \times A$$

$2^{2^*}$  ← famiglia di tutti  
i linguaggi su  $\{a\}$

$\emptyset$

$2^*$

$\{\epsilon, 0, 00, 000, \dots\}$

$\{10, 11, 101, 111, \dots\}$

# ALGORITMI 101

PROBLEMA  $\Pi$

- 1) Insieme di input  $I_\Pi \subseteq 2^*$
- 2) Insieme di output  $O_\Pi \subseteq 2^*$
- 3) Funzione  $Sol_\Pi: I_\Pi \rightarrow 2^{O_\Pi} \setminus \{\emptyset\}$

- Decidere se un numero è primo

$O_\Pi = \{no, yes\}$

- Emettere il MCD fra due interi <sup>positivi</sup>  $x$  e  $y$

5	7
101	111
110011 01	111111

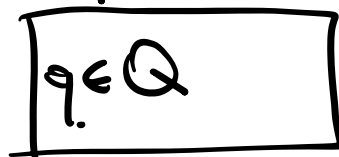
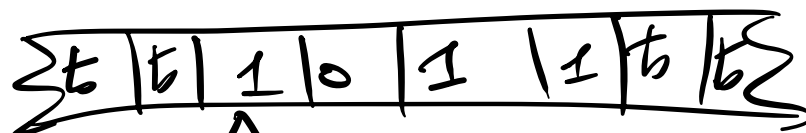
Elias  $\gamma$   
x



$\underbrace{1111}_2 0$

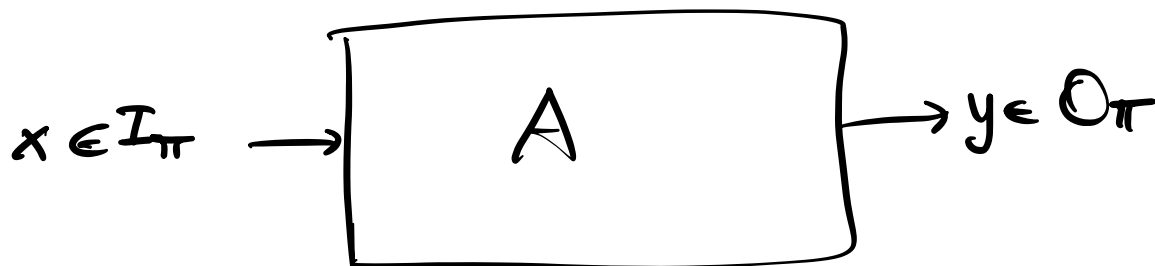
# ALGORITMO

- MDT



- Tesi di Church-Turing

# ALGORITMO PER $\pi$



t.c.  $y \in \text{Sol}_\pi(x)$

$2^{2^*}$  ← (quanti sono)  
i problemi  
di decisione

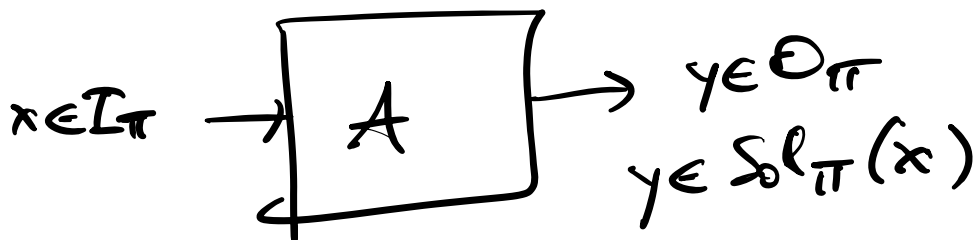
$$|2^{2^*}| \approx |2^{\mathbb{N}}| \approx |\mathbb{R}|$$

complessità  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{algoritmica} \\ \text{strutturale} \end{array} \right.$

## COMPLESSITÀ ALGORITMICA

Dato  $\pi$

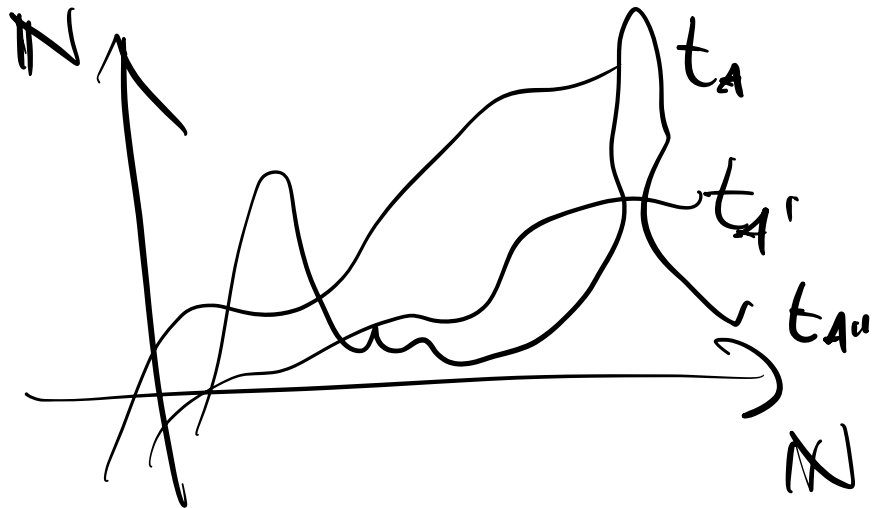
- 1) stabilire se  $\pi$  è risolvibile
- 2) con che costo?



$$T_A: I_\pi \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$$

$$t_A = \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$$

$$t_A(n) = \max \{ T_A(x) \mid x \in \mathbb{I}_\pi, |x| = n \}$$



$$t_A = O(n^2)$$

$$t_{A^r} = O(n^7)$$

$$t_{A^u} = O(n^3 \log n)$$

Upper & lower bound